

# Improving Electric Vehicle Batteries through Immersion Cooling Simulations

Faraday Battery worked with STFC Hartree<sup>®</sup> Centre to explore the potential of immersion cooling to enhance electric vehicle battery efficiency through the Innovate UK A4I programme.

## Challenge

As governments are looking to create a greener future, the demand for battery Electric Vehicles (EVs) is surging. However, meeting this demand comes with major challenges, like the cooling of EV batteries which can produce a lot of excess heat. Conventional air and liquid-cooling methods often fail to provide uniform battery temperature which can cause overheating leading to hotspots, reduced efficiency and shorter battery lifespans. Faraday Battery is working to help resolve these challenges and improve consumer adoption of EVs by looking at Immersion cooling, a closed system of coolant in the battery surrounding the cells.

## **Approach**

Our high performance computing experts used OpenFOAM, a simulation software, to help Faraday Battery run simulations and model how the coolant works when coming into contact with the battery cell. The also created a report to explain the functionality of the software, describing the physics considerations and assumptions. The high performance software engineers also did a practical usage of the simulation by testing the battery cells being emerged in different depths of coolant. Even with low amount of coolant it showed the cooling rate would be efficient. We also helped Faraday Battery to install OpenFOAM and showed how to adjust it for future experiments.



#### **Benefits**

To help build a greener future, we need more efficient batteries for electric vehicles, and we worked with Faraday Battery to optimise their battery design process. EVs need efficient batteries which last longer, charge faster and can drive further distances. However, real-world tests of multiple variables are expensive and time-consuming. Our experts helped Faraday Battery by inputting the data from one test into their model so that they could trust that the simulation was accurate and test for multiple other variables like the starting temperature of the coolant. This helped the company grow their autonomy to be self-sufficient, speeding up the battery design process to create a re-circulating battery coolant.



# At a glance

- conventional EV battery cooling methods can lead to hotspots, reducing efficiency and lifespan
- explored immersion cooling as an alternative, using high-performance computing and OpenFOAM simulations
- provided guidance, and enabled Faraday Battery to conduct future simulations independently
- enabled faster, cost-effective battery design by reducing reliance on real-world testing and improving cooling efficiency

#### Who we are

The Hartree Centre was created by UK Government to help businesses and public sector organisations accelerate the adoption of high performance computing (HPC), big data analytics, artificial intelligence (AI) and quantum technologies. We play a key role in realising UK Government's Industrial Strategy by stimulating applied digital research and innovation, creating value for the organisations we work with and generating economic and societal impact for the UK. We are proud to be part of UK Research and Innovation.

#### What we do

- boost productivity and innovation for industry
- offer training and skills development
- provide insights into future technologies
- give tailored business development support
- build bespoke small teams around your project

